

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTENTS

	PAGE
DIRECTORS' REPORT	2
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	6
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	7
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	8
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	9
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present to the shareholders their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Fund and its Investment Objective

Tetragon Financial Group Limited ("Tetragon" or the "Fund") was registered in Guernsey on 23 June 2005 as a company limited by shares, with registered number 43321. All voting shares of Tetragon are held by Polygon Credit Holdings II Limited (the "Voting Shareholder"). Tetragon continues to be registered and domiciled in Guernsey, Tetragon's non-voting shares are listed on Euronext in Amsterdam, a regulated market of Euronext Amsterdam N.V. (ticker symbol: TFG.NA) and on the Specialist Fund Segment of the London Stock Exchange plc (ticker symbols: TFG.LN and TFGS.LN).

Tetragon's investment objective is to generate distributable income and capital appreciation. It aims to provide returns to investors across various credit, equity, interest rate, inflation, and real estate cycles. Tetragon invests in a broad range of assets, including public and private equities, credit, convertible bonds, real estate, venture capital, infrastructure, bank loans, and TFG Asset Management, a diversified alternative asset management business.

As of 31 December 2021, TFG Asset Management's investments consisted of LCM, BentallGreenOak, Polygon, Equitix, Hawke's Point, Tetragon Credit Partners, Banyan Square Partners and Contingency Capital.

TFG Asset Management LP and Tetragon Financial Management LP (the "Investment Manager"), are both registered as investment advisers under the U.S. Investment Advisers Act of 1940, and two of TFG Asset Management LP's investment management entities, Polygon Global Partners LLP and Equitix Investment Management Limited, are authorised and regulated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority.

Results, Activities and Future Developments

The results of operations are set out on page 7. A detailed review of activities and future developments is contained in the Annual Report issued with these consolidated financial statements to the shareholders of Tetragon.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors of Tetragon Financial Group Limited ('the Directors') have accepted responsibility for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements, to comply with the requirements of the US Investment Advisors act of 1940, for the year ended 31 December 2020 which are intended by them to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Fund and of the profit or loss for that period. They have decided to prepare the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union ("EU") and with respect to the information contained in note 20 to the consolidated financial statements, in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("US GAAP").

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities (continued)

In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Fund and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:



David O'Leary
Director



Steven Hart
Director

Date: 20 April 2022

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Members of
Tetragon Financial Group Limited:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tetragon Financial Group Limited (and its subsidiary) (together the 'Group'), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2021, and the results of its operations, changes in its equity, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the European Union.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Group and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the European Union, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the consolidated financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the consolidated financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors and the members of the Group, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Group's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and to facilitate the Group's compliance with the requirements of the U.S. Investment Advisors Act of 1940 relating to reporting by independent auditors to the Group's members, and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Group's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

KPM G LLP

KPMG LLP
London, United Kingdom
20 April 2022

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of	Note	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
Assets			
Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4	2,852.4	2,420.6
Derivative financial assets	4	4.2	8.6
Other receivables and prepayments	7	2.6	3.3
Amounts due from brokers	6	5.9	44.4
Cash and cash equivalents	6	198.8	191.6
Total assets		3,063.9	2,668.5
Liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	10	75.0	100.0
Derivative financial liabilities	4	1.5	25.2
Other payables and accrued expenses	9	110.6	68.9
Total liabilities		187.1	194.1
Net assets		2,876.8	2,474.4
Equity			
Share capital	12	0.1	0.1
Other equity		814.7	799.6
Share-based compensation reserve	12	60.1	54.6
Retained earnings		2,001.9	1,620.1
		2,876.8	2,474.4
Shares outstanding			
Number of shares	12	90.2	88.8
Net Asset Value per share		US\$ 31.88	US\$ 27.87

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors by:



David O'Leary
Director



Steven Hart
Director

Date: 20 April 2022

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended	Note	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
Net gain on non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2	621.2	304.4
Net loss on derivative financial assets and liabilities	2	(10.4)	(0.2)
Net loss on foreign exchange		(1.4)	-
Interest income		0.2	2.2
Total income		<u>609.6</u>	<u>306.4</u>
Management fees	15	(37.5)	(34.4)
Incentive fee	11	(124.6)	(72.7)
Legal and professional fees		(9.8)	(7.7)
Share based employee compensation	12	(10.4)	(11.4)
Audit fees		(0.7)	(0.5)
Other operating expenses and administrative expenses		(2.6)	(2.4)
Operating expenses		<u>(185.6)</u>	<u>(129.1)</u>
Operating profit before finance costs		<u>424.0</u>	<u>177.3</u>
Finance costs	10	(5.8)	(6.2)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		<u><u>418.2</u></u>	<u><u>171.1</u></u>
Earnings per share			
Basic	16	US\$ 4.68	US\$ 1.87
Diluted	16	US\$ 4.16	US\$ 1.67
Weighted average shares outstanding		Million	Million
Basic	16	89.4	91.7
Diluted	16	100.4	102.6

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capital US\$ MM	Other equity US\$ MM	Retained earnings US\$ MM	Share-based compensation reserve US\$ MM	Total US\$ MM
As at 1 January 2020	0.1	830.9	1,498.0	57.1	2,386.1
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	171.1	-	171.1
Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity					
Shares released from escrow	-	13.9	-	(13.9)	-
Dividends on shares released from escrow	-	4.2	(4.2)	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	11.4	11.4
Cash dividends	-	-	(30.7)	-	(30.7)
Stock dividends	-	14.1	(14.1)	-	-
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(63.5)	-	-	(63.5)
As at 31 December 2020	0.1	799.6	1,620.1	54.6	2,474.4
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	418.2	-	418.2
Transactions with owners recognised directly in equity					
Shares released from escrow	-	4.9	-	(4.9)	-
Dividends on shares released from escrow	-	0.6	(0.6)	-	-
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	10.4	10.4
Cash dividends	-	-	(24.2)	-	(24.2)
Stock dividends	-	11.6	(11.6)	-	-
Issue of Shares	-	0.1	-	-	0.1
Purchase of treasury shares	-	(2.1)	-	-	(2.1)
As at 31 December 2021	0.1	814.7	2,001.9	60.1	2876.8

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
Operating activities		
Profit for the year	418.2	171.1
Adjustments for:		
Gains on investments and derivatives	(610.8)	(304.2)
Share based compensation	10.4	11.4
Interest income	(0.2)	(2.2)
Finance costs	5.8	6.2
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	<u>(176.6)</u>	<u>(117.7)</u>
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	0.7	(2.6)
Increase in payables	37.3	31.7
Decrease in amounts due from brokers	38.4	2.7
Cash flows from operations	<u>(100.2)</u>	<u>(85.9)</u>
Proceeds from sale/prepayment/maturity of investments	531.6	540.5
Net payments from derivative financial instruments	(25.8)	(9.5)
Purchase of investments	(341.5)	(238.8)
Cash interest received	0.2	2.2
Net cash generated from operating activities	<u>64.3</u>	<u>208.5</u>
Financing activities		
Repayment of loans and borrowings	(75.0)	(150.0)
Proceeds from loans and borrowings	50.0	100.0
Finance costs paid	(5.8)	(6.2)
Purchase of treasury shares	(2.1)	(63.5)
Dividends paid to shareholders	(24.2)	(30.7)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(57.1)</u>	<u>(150.4)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	7.2	58.1
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>191.6</u>	<u>133.5</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>198.8</u>	<u>191.6</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 Corporate Information

Tetragon Financial Group Limited ("Tetragon" or the "Fund") was registered in Guernsey on 23 June 2005 as a company limited by shares, with registered number 43321. All voting shares of the Fund are held by Polygon Credit Holdings II Limited (the "Voting Shareholder"). The Fund continues to be registered and domiciled in Guernsey, and the Fund's non-voting shares (the "Shares") are listed on Euronext in Amsterdam, a regulated market of Euronext Amsterdam N.V. (ticker symbol: TFG.NA) and on the Specialist Fund Segment of the London Stock Exchange plc (ticker symbols: TFG.LN and TFGS.LN). The registered office of the Fund is Mill Court, La Charroterie, St. Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 1EJ, Channel Islands.

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Fund (the "Financial Statements") have been prepared to comply with the requirement of the US Investment Advisors act of 1940, and in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union ("EU") and with respect to the information contained in Note 20, in accordance with US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("US GAAP"), and comply with the Companies (Guernsey) Law, 2008 and give a true and fair view.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for derivative financial instruments and certain non-derivative financial assets and financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") that have been measured at fair value. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all periods presented in these Financial Statements.

The Financial Statements are presented in United States Dollars ("USD" or "US\$"), which is the functional currency of the Fund, expressed in USD millions ("US\$ MM") (unless otherwise noted). The share capital of the Fund and the majority of its investments are denominated in USD. Most of the expenses and fees paid by the Fund are in USD. Hence, the Directors have determined that USD, as functional and presentational currency, reflects the Fund's primary economic environment.

In accordance with IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* ("IFRS 10"), the Fund is an investment entity and, as such, does not consolidate the entities it controls where they are deemed to be subsidiaries except for Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC. Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC was formed in July 2020 to hold the collateral for the revolving credit facility. This subsidiary's main purpose and activity is to provide a service to the Fund, as such, it is consolidated on a line-by-line basis with balances between the Fund and this subsidiary eliminated. The Financial Statements for this subsidiary are prepared at the same reporting date using the same accounting policies. All other interests in subsidiaries are classified as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). Investments in associates are also classified as FVTPL. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date control is established by Tetragon and cease to be consolidated on the date control is transferred from Tetragon.

The Directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these Financial Statements and that the Fund will be able to continue to meet its liabilities for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the Financial Statements. In making this determination, the Directors have considered the cash flow and liquidity projections for the next 12 months, the nature of the Fund's capital (including readily available resources such as cash, undrawn credit facility and liquid equities) and the applicable covenants on the revolving credit facility.

The Directors have also considered the impact of the COVID-19 global pandemic, which resulted in unprecedented risks and significant levels of volatility and significant changes to asset prices in global equity, bond and property markets. Due to the nature of the Fund and the resources available to it, COVID-19 has not significantly impacted the going concern assessment.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

New standards and amendments to existing standards

The Fund has considered all the standards and interpretations that are issued, but not yet effective, up to the date of issuance of the Fund's Financial Statements. These standards and interpretations are not relevant to the Fund's activities, or their effects are not expected to be material.

Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Fund's functional currency at the foreign currency exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to USD at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling at the reporting date.

Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposals or settlements of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised as net foreign exchange gain/(loss) in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income except for those arising on financial instruments at FVTPL which are recognised as components of net gain on non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL and derivative instruments which are recognised as components of net gain/(loss) on derivative financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial Instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the following categories, in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9").

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- it has contractual terms which give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest outstanding.

The Fund includes in this category cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from brokers, receivable for securities sold and other sundry receivables. These assets are held with an intention to collect the principal and interest payments.

Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost are measured at FVTPL. Financial liabilities attached to derivatives are also measured at FVTPL.

Investments in derivatives, collateralised loan obligations ("CLOs"), loans and corporate bonds, listed and unlisted stock, investment funds and vehicles and private equity in asset management companies are included in this category.

Other financial liabilities at amortised cost

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those classified as at FVTPL. The Fund includes in this category loans and borrowings and other payables and accrued expenses.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition

The Fund recognises a financial asset or a financial liability when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date (i.e. the date that the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset).

(iii) Initial measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position at fair value. All transaction costs for such instruments are recognised immediately through profit or loss.

Financial assets and liabilities (other than those classified as at FVTPL) are measured initially at their fair value adjusted for any directly attributable incremental costs of acquisition or issue.

(iv) Subsequent measurement

After initial measurement, the Fund re-measures financial instruments which are classified as at FVTPL at fair value. Subsequent changes in the fair value of those financial instruments are recorded in net gain/(loss) on non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. Subsequent changes in fair value of derivative instruments are recorded in net gain/(loss) on derivative financial assets and liabilities in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Receivables are carried at amortised cost less any allowance for impairment with any impairment losses arising being included in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those classified as at FVTPL, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(v) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where (i) the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or (ii) the Fund has either transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset, or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a pass-through arrangement and in either cases in (ii):

- (a) the Fund has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- (b) the Fund has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Fund has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset (or has entered into a pass-through arrangement) and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Fund's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Fund also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Fund has retained.

The Fund derecognises a financial liability when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

(vi) Impairment

The Fund recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets at amortised cost.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Fund considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Fund's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Fair value measurement

The Fund measures all its investments and derivatives, at fair value at each reporting date.

IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurements* defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to the Fund. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The fair value for financial instruments traded in active markets at the reporting date is based on their quoted price without any deduction for transaction costs. A market is regarded as "active" if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

For all other financial instruments not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined by using observable inputs where available and valuation techniques deemed to be appropriate in the circumstances. Refer to Note 4 for the valuation techniques used.

For assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the Fund identifies transfers between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing the categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) and deems transfers to have occurred at the end of each reporting period.

Amounts due from brokers

Amounts due from brokers include margin accounts which represent cash pledged as collateral on the forward foreign exchange contracts, credit default swaps and contracts for difference. Refer to the accounting policy for financial instruments for recognition and measurement.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents comprise of short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Net gain or loss on non-derivative financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Net gains or losses on non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL are changes in the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL and include related interest, dividends and foreign exchange gains or losses.

Interest income

Interest income arising on cash balances and tri-party repurchase agreements are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

Finance costs

Interest and fees charged on borrowings are recognised through profit or loss in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income using the effective interest method.

Expenses

Expenses and fees, including Directors' fees, are recognised through profit or loss in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on the accruals basis.

Taxation

The Fund is exempt from Guernsey income tax under the Income Tax (Exempt Bodies) (Guernsey) Ordinance 1989 and is charged GBP 1,200 per annum (2020: GBP 1,200).

Dividend distribution

Dividend distributions are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, when the shareholders' right to receive the payment is established.

Share-based payment transactions

Share-based compensation expense for all equity settled share-based payment awards granted is determined based on the grant-date fair value. The Fund recognises these compensation costs net of an estimated forfeiture rate and recognises compensation cost only for those shares expected to meet the service and non-market performance vesting conditions, on a graded vesting basis over the requisite service period of the award. These compensation costs are determined at the individual vesting tranche level for serviced-based awards.

When the shares are issued, the fair value of the shares, as determined at the time of the award, is debited against the share-based compensation reserve and credited to other equity in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity. Any associated stock dividends accrued on the original award are debited against retained earnings and credited to other equity using the value determined by the stock reference price at the date of each applicable dividend.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 2 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Other equity

Other equity contains the share premium and treasury shares balances.

Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Fund that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incurs expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Fund's chief operating decision maker and for which discrete financial information is available. The chief operating decision maker for the Fund is the Board of Directors. The Fund has considered the information reviewed by the Fund's chief operating decision maker and determined that there is only one operating segment in existence.

Note 3 Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the Fund's Financial Statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts recognised in the Financial Statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

In the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following judgments, estimates and assumptions which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the Financial Statements:

Judgments

Investment entity status

The Board of Directors have determined that the Fund meets the definition of an investment entity as per IFRS 10. Entities that meet the definition of an investment entity within IFRS 10 are generally required to measure their subsidiaries at FVTPL rather than consolidate them. The Fund consolidates Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC as this subsidiary's main purpose and activity is to provide a service to the Fund, as such it is consolidated on a line-by-line basis with balances between the Fund and this subsidiary eliminated.

The Fund's investment objective is to generate distributable income and capital appreciation. The Fund reports to its investors via monthly, semi-annual, and annual investor information, and to its management, via internal management reports, on a fair value basis. The Fund has a documented exit strategy for all of its investments.

Estimates and assumptions

Measurement of fair values

The Fund based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available at the year-end when the Financial Statements were prepared; however, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes and circumstances arising beyond the control of the Fund. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

For detailed information on the estimates and assumptions used to determine the fair value of financial instruments, please refer to Note 4.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Fair value hierarchy

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the Financial Statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows:

- Level 1 - Quoted in active markets for identical instruments.
- Level 2 - Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. These may include quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayments spreads, credit risk and others.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions market participants would be expected to use in pricing the asset or liability.

Recurring fair value measurement of assets and liabilities

The following table shows financial instruments measured at fair value by the level in fair value hierarchy as of 31 December 2021:

	Level 1 US\$ MM	Level 2 US\$ MM	Level 3 US\$ MM	Total Fair Value US\$ MM
Non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL				
TFG Asset Management	-	-	1,256.3	1,256.3
Investment funds and vehicles	-	638.1	521.7	1,159.8
Listed stock	198.0	-	-	198.0
CLO equity tranches ¹	-	-	164.4	164.4
CLO debt tranches ¹	-	3.5	-	3.5
Unlisted stock	-	-	50.3	50.3
Corporate bonds	-	20.1	-	20.1
Total non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL	198.0	661.7	1,992.7	2,852.4
Derivative financial assets				
Contracts for difference (asset)	-	0.1	-	0.1
Currency options (asset)	-	2.3	-	2.3
Forward foreign exchange contracts (asset)	-	1.8	-	1.8
Total derivative financial assets	-	4.2	-	4.2
Derivative financial liabilities				
Contracts for difference (liability)	-	(0.1)	-	(0.1)
Forward foreign exchange contracts (liability)	-	(1.4)	-	(1.4)
Total derivative financial liabilities	-	(1.5)	-	(1.5)

¹ Investment in CLO equity and debt tranches held through special purpose vehicles are included in these captions.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Recurring fair value measurement of assets and liabilities (continued)

The following table shows financial instruments measured at fair value by the level in fair value hierarchy as of 31 December 2020:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	US\$ MM	US\$ MM	US\$ MM	Fair Value US\$ MM
Non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL				
Investment funds and vehicles	-	701.2	371.5	1,072.7
TFG Asset Management	-	-	833.5	833.5
CLO equity tranches	-	-	151.3	151.3
Unlisted stock	-	-	174.6	174.6
Listed stock	170.6	-	-	170.6
Corporate bonds	-	17.9	-	17.9
Total non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL	170.6	719.1	1530.9	2,420.6
Derivative financial assets				
Contracts for difference (asset)	-	7.0	-	7.0
Forward foreign exchange contracts (asset)	-	1.6	-	1.6
Total derivative financial assets	-	8.6	-	8.6
Derivative financial liabilities				
Contracts for difference (liability)	-	(0.2)	(7.0)	(7.2)
Forward foreign exchange contracts (liability)	-	(18.0)	-	(18.0)
Total derivative financial liabilities	-	(18.2)	(7.0)	(25.2)

Transfers between levels

There were no transfers between levels during the year ended 31 December 2021 or 31 December 2020.

Other financial assets and liabilities

For all other financial assets and liabilities, the carrying value is an approximation of fair value, including other receivables, amounts due from brokers, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings, and other payables.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Level 3 reconciliation

The following is a reconciliation of the Fund's assets in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value at 31 December 2021.

	CLO Equity Tranches US\$ MM	Unlisted Stock US\$ MM	Investment Funds and Vehicles US\$ MM	TFG Asset Management US\$ MM	Total US\$ MM
Balance at 1 January 2021	151.3	174.6	371.5	833.5	1530.9
Additions	26.1	35.0	132.6	9.9	203.6
Proceeds	(42.0)	(273.3)	(51.0)	(30.3)	(396.6)
Net gains through profit or loss	29.0	114.0	68.6	443.2	654.8
Balance at 31 December 2021	164.4	50.3	521.7	1,256.3	1,992.7
Change in unrealised gains through profit or loss for assets held at year end	5.1	15.3	37.7	412.9	471.0

The following is a reconciliation of the Fund's assets in which significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were used in determining fair value at 31 December 2020.

	CLO Equity Tranches US\$ MM	Unlisted Stock US\$ MM	Investment Funds and Vehicles US\$ MM	TFG Asset Management US\$ MM	Total US\$ MM
Balance at 1 January 2020	210.9	273.0	394.5	747.5	1,625.9
Additions	-	-	78.1	4.1	82.2
Proceeds	(33.4)	(123.0)	(88.3)	(106.2)	(350.9)
Net (losses)/gains through profit or loss	(26.2)	24.6	(12.8)	188.1	173.7
Balance at 31 December 2020	151.3	174.6	371.5	833.5	1,530.9
Change in unrealised (losses)/gains through profit or loss for assets held at year end	(33.6)	24.6	(33.9)	123.8	80.9

Valuation process (framework)

TMF Group Fund Services (Guernsey) Limited (the "Administrator") serves as the Fund's independent administrator and values the investments of the Fund on an ongoing basis in accordance with the valuation principles and methodologies approved by the Fund's Audit Committee, which comprises of independent directors, from time to time.

For certain investments, such as TFG Asset Management, a third-party valuation agent is also used. However, the Directors are responsible for the valuations and may, at their discretion, permit any other method of valuation to be used if it considers that such method of valuation better reflects value and is in accordance with IFRS.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Valuation techniques

CLO equity tranches

A mark to model approach using discounted cash flow analysis (“DCF Approach”) has been adopted to determine the value of the equity tranche CLO investments. The model contains certain assumption inputs that are reviewed and adjusted as appropriate to factor in how historic, current, and potential market developments (examined through, for example, forward-looking observable data) might potentially impact the performance of these CLO equity investments. Since this involves modelling, among other things, forward projections over multiple years, this is not an exercise in recalibrating future assumptions to the latest quarter’s historical data.

Subject to the foregoing, the Fund seeks to derive a value at which market participants could transact in an orderly market and also seeks to benchmark the model inputs and resulting outputs to observable market data when available and appropriate. Although seeking to utilise, where possible, observable market data, for certain assumptions the Investment Manager may be required to make subjective judgments and forward-looking determinations, and its experience and knowledge is instrumental in the valuation process.

As at 31 December 2021, key modelling assumptions used are disclosed below. The modelling assumptions disclosed below are a weighted average (by USD amount) of the individual deal assumptions. Each individual deal’s assumptions may differ from this average and vary across the portfolio.

Constant Annual Default Rate (“CADR”)	2.38%, which is 1.0x of the original Weighted Average Rating Factor (“WARF”) derived base-case default rate for the life of the transaction (2020: 5% up to 30 June 2021, 2.39% thereafter).
Recovery Rate	70% (2020: 60% up to 30 June 2021, 70% thereafter).
Prepayment Rate	20%, the original base-case prepayment rate with a 20% prepayment rate on bonds throughout the life of the transaction (2020: 7.5% p.a. up to 30 June 2021, 20% p.a. thereafter).
Reinvestment Price and Spread	Assumed reinvestment price is par for the life of the transaction, with an effective spread over LIBOR of 347 basis points (“bps”) on broadly U.S. syndicated loan deals which are still in their reinvestment periods (2020: 400 bps up to 30 June 2021, 349 bps thereafter). With effect from 1 January 2022, term SOFR is expected to replace USD LIBOR as the predominant benchmark rate for floating rate U.S. leveraged loans. One-month and three-month LIBOR rates will continue to be published for use in existing contracts until June 2023. The impact of introducing a SOFR referenced reinvestment spread assumption was analysed and is not expected to have a material impact.

When determining the fair value of the equity tranches, a discount rate is applied to the expected future cash flows derived from the third-party valuation model. The discount rate applied to those future cash flows reflects the perceived level of risk that would be used by another market participant in determining fair value. In determining the discount rates to use an analysis of the observable risk premium data as well as the individual deal’s structural strength and credit quality is undertaken. At 31 December 2021, a discount rate of 12% (2020: 12%) is applied unless the deal is within its non-refinancing period, in which case the deal internal rate of return (“IRR”) is utilised as the discount rate. For deals in this category, the weighted average IRR or discount rate is 14.7% (2020: not applicable).

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Valuation techniques (continued)

CLO equity tranches (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis:

The discount rate used has a significant impact on the fair value of CLO equity tranches. A reasonable possible alternative assumption is to change the discount rate by 1%. Changing the discount rate and keeping all other variables constant would have the following effects on net assets and profits:

	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
	US\$ MM	US\$ MM
-1% discount rate	4.8	4.5
+1% discount rate	(4.6)	(4.3)

Private equity in asset management companies

The Fund owns a 100% interest in TFG Asset Management which holds majority and minority private equity stakes in asset management companies. The valuation calculation for TFG Asset Management was prepared by a third-party valuation specialist engaged by the Fund's Audit Committee. Although TFG Asset Management is valued as a single investment, a sum of the parts approach, valuing each business separately has been utilised. This approach aggregates the fair value of all asset managers held by TFG Asset Management overlaying the central costs and net assets at TFG Asset Management level. Currently, no premium has been attributed to the valuation of TFG Asset Management in respect of diversification or synergies between different income streams. Any benefit from operating on the TFG Asset Management platform has been captured in the valuation of the individual asset managers by incorporating it in the business plans used in the DCF and Market Multiple Approaches.

The DCF Approach calculates the enterprise value of the investments by utilising a business specific model to estimate the generation of future net cash flows. Each model reflects the business plan over a specific period of 5-10 years which includes, where applicable, assumptions (which may not be linear) around planned capital raising and/or organic growth through investment returns. The DCF Approach may also include a terminal value which is calculated by applying a growth formula to the projected cash flows in the terminal year or to the average of yearly cash-flows in the business plan. This terminal value calculation is used in the DCF approach for Equitix, LCM and Polygon. All estimates of future free cash flows and the terminal value are discounted at a weighted average cost of capital ("WACC") that captures the risk inherent in the projections. From the enterprise value derived by the DCF Approach, market value of net debt is deducted to arrive at the equity value. An adjustment is made to account for a discount for lack of liquidity ("DLOL"), generally in the range of 10% to 20%.

The Market Multiple Approach applies a multiple, considered to be an appropriate and reasonable indicator of value to certain metrics of the business, such as earnings or assets under management ("AUM"), to derive the equity value. The multiple applied in each case is derived by considering the multiples of quoted comparable companies. The multiple is then adjusted to ensure that it appropriately reflects the specific business being valued, considering its business activities, geography, size, competitive position in the market, risk profile, and earnings growth prospects of the business. The valuation specialist considered a multiple of price-to-assets under management, and/or a multiple of earnings such as a company's earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortisation ("EBITDA"), to perform this analysis. These multiples were then adjusted for control premium, if applicable.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Valuation techniques (continued)

Private equity in asset management companies (continued)

As of 31 December 2020, Equitix was valued using DCF Approach. During 2021, some more directly comparable asset managers listed on major trading exchanges, bringing additional market-led valuation transparency to a manager like Equitix. In 2021, the third-party valuation agent added a Market Multiple Approach to the overall valuation, with the valuation now being the mean of the Market Multiple and DCF Approaches. Equitix had a 23% increase in AUM during 2021 and a 32% AUM CAGR (Cumulative Annual Growth Rate) over the last five years. In the DCF Approach, the successful track record of AUM growth lends to a lower risk adjustment applied to future capital raising assumptions and cash flows.

For LCM, the third-party valuation agent changed the Market Multiple Approach from P/AUM to EV/EBITDA during 2021. This change was primarily driven by the fact that the EV/EBITDA approach is more forward-looking, as opposed to a backward-looking P/AUM approach, and can better capture the growth potential of a business. Both approaches are given 50/50 weighting in the valuation of LCM.

Polygon and Tetragon Credit Partners are valued using DCF Approach.

TFG Asset Management holds approximately 13% interest in BentallGreenOak and is entitled to receive a series of fixed and variable profit distributions. Sun Life have an option to acquire the remaining interest in the merged entity in 2026. TFG Asset Management and other minority owners are entitled to sell their interest to Sun Life in 2027. The Fund's investment in BentallGreenOak, as at 31 December 2020 and 2021, is valued using the DCF Approach on expected cash flows.

The following table shows the unobservable inputs used by the third-party valuation specialist in valuing TFG Asset Management.

31 December 2021

Investment	Fair Value US\$ MM	AUM (billion)	Valuation methodology	WACC	Significant unobservable inputs			Forecast 5Y CAGR
					EV/EBITDA Multiple	DLOL	Control premium	
Equitix	725.6	GBP 8.0	DCF and Market Multiples	9.50%	15x	10%	20%	14.1% (AUM)
BentallGreenOak	213.5	US\$ 9.0	DCF (sum-of- the-parts)	11%	NA	15%	NA	18.4% (EBITDA)
LCM	237.8	US\$ 11.2	DCF and Market Multiples	12.25%	12.5x	15%	20%	10.0% (AUM)
Polygon	54.3	US\$ 1.6	DCF	13%	NA	20%	NA	9.9% (AUM)
Tetragon Credit Partners	16.2	US\$ 0.9	DCF	10.5%	NA	15%	NA	NA
Other	8.9							

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Valuation techniques (continued)

Private equity in asset management companies (continued)

31 December 2020

Investment	Fair Value US\$ MM	AUM (billion)	Valuation methodology	WACC	Significant unobservable inputs			Forecast 5Y CAGR
					EV/EBITDA Multiple	DLOL	Control premium	
Equitix	386.1	GBP 6.8	DCF	9.75%	NA	15%	NA	6.6% (AUM)
BentallGreenOak	195.7	US\$6.8	DCF (sum-of- the-parts) DCF and Market	11%	NA	15%	NA	11.9% (EBITDA)
LCM	176.9	US\$8.9	Multiples	12%	2.5%	15%	NA	6.5% (AUM)
Polygon	57.4	US\$1.6	DCF	12.75%	NA	20%	NA	8.6% (AUM)
Tetragon Credit Partners	13.7	US\$0.8	DCF	11.25%	NA	15%	NA	NA
Other	3.7							

Sensitivity Analysis:

31 December 2021

Investment	Effects on net assets and profits (US\$ MM)									
	WACC		EV/EBITDA Multiple		DLOL		Control premium		Forecast 5Y CAGR	
	-100 bps	+100 bps	+3%	-3%	-500 bps	+500 bps	+500 bps	-500 bps	+100 bps	-100 bps
Equitix	54.4	(41.9)	13.7	(13.7)	41.6	(41.6)	20.8	(20.8)	31.3	(30.6)
BentallGreenOak	4.9	(4.7)	NA	NA	12.9	(12.9)	NA	NA	8.8	(7.5)
LCM	10.4	(8.6)	4.3	(4.3)	12.8	(12.8)	6.8	(6.8)	5.3	(5.1)
Polygon	6.2	(5.1)	NA	NA	3.5	(3.5)	NA	NA	6.5	(6.4)
Tetragon Credit Partners	0.6	(0.6)	NA	NA	1.0	(1.0)	NA	NA	NA	NA

31 December 2020

Investment	Effects on net assets and profits (US\$ MM)									
	WACC		P/AUM multiple		DLOL		Control premium		Forecast 5Y CAGR	
	-100 bps	+100 bps	+3%	-3%	-500 bps	+500 bps	+500 bps	-500 bps	+100 bps	-100 bps
Equitix	66.0	(51.2)	NA	NA	22.7	(22.7)	NA	NA	21.4	(20.3)
BentallGreenOak	4.3	(4.0)	NA	NA	11.7	(11.7)	NA	NA	6.0	(5.6)
LCM	7.8	(7.8)	14.4	(14.4)	10.6	(10.6)	NA	NA	2.8	(2.8)
Polygon	5.6	(5.6)	NA	NA	3.4	(3.4)	NA	NA	9.3	(8.4)
Tetragon Credit Partners	0.5	(0.5)	NA	NA	0.8	(0.8)	NA	NA	NA	NA

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Valuation techniques (continued)

Investment funds and vehicles

Investments in unlisted investment funds, classified as level 2 and level 3 in the fair value hierarchy, are valued utilising the net asset valuations provided by the managers of the underlying funds and/or their administrators. Management's assessment is that these valuations are the fair value of these investments. In determining any adjustments necessary to the net asset valuations, management has considered the date of the valuation provided. No adjustment was deemed material following this review.

The Fund has an investment in an externally managed investment vehicle that holds farmlands in Paraguay. These farmlands are valued utilising inputs from an independent third-party valuation agent.

Sensitivity analysis:

A 1% increase in net asset value ("NAV") of the unlisted investment funds included in Level 3 will increase net assets and profits of the Fund by US\$ 5.2 million (2020: US\$ 3.7 million). A decrease in the NAV of the unlisted investment funds will have an equal and opposite effect.

Unlisted stock

At 31 December 2021, the level 3 unlisted stock includes three investments in private companies.

Investment no.	Fair value (US\$ MM)		Valuation methodology
	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020	
1	22.8	-	Transaction price from December 2021
2	20.0	-	Transaction price from December 2021
3	7.5	-	Transaction price from latest funding round in July 2021
4	-	174.6	During 2021, this position was fully redeemed by the company

Sensitivity analysis:

A 5% increase in the valuation will increase the net assets and profits of the Fund by US\$ 2.5 million (2020: US\$ 8.7 million). A 5% decrease will have an equal but opposite effect on the net assets and profits.

Listed stock

For listed stock in an active market, the closing exchange price is utilised as the fair value price.

Corporate bonds and CLO debt tranches

The corporate bonds and CLO debt tranches held by the Fund are valued using the broker quotes obtained at the valuation date.

Forward foreign exchange contracts and currency options

Forward foreign exchange contracts and currency options are recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Fair values are based on observable foreign currency forward rates, recent market transactions, and valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow models, as appropriate. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative.

The best evidence of fair value of a forward foreign exchange contract at initial recognition is the transaction price. The currency options are recognised initially at the amount of premium paid or received.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (continued)

Valuation techniques (continued)

Contracts for difference

The Fund enters into contracts for difference (“CFD”) arrangements with financial institutions. CFDs are typically traded on the over the counter (“OTC”) market. The arrangement generally involves an agreement by the Fund and a counterparty to exchange the difference between the opening and closing price of the position underlying the contract, which are generally on equity positions.

Fair values are based on quoted market prices of the underlying security, contract price, and valuation techniques including expected value models, as appropriate.

Note 5 Interest in Other Entities

Investment in unconsolidated structured entities

IFRS 12 defines a structured entity as an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to the administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual agreements.

The Fund holds various investments in CLOs and investment funds. The fair value of the CLOs and investment funds is recorded in the “non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss” line in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. The Fund’s maximum exposure to loss from these investments is equal to their total fair value and, if applicable, unfunded commitments. Once the Fund has disposed of its holding in any of these investments, the Fund ceases to be exposed to any risk from that investment. The Fund has not provided and would not be required to provide any financial support to these investees. The investments are non-recourse. Please refer to Note 14 for details of unfunded commitments.

Below is a summary of the Fund’s holdings in subsidiary unconsolidated structured entities.

As at 31 December 2021:	No. of invest- ments	Range of nominal US\$ MM	Average nominal US\$ MM	Carrying value US\$ MM	Percentage of NAV
CLO Equity					
U.S. CLOs ¹	16	245.6 - 741.5	505.0	154.2	5.4%
Investment Funds		Total NAV US\$ MM			
Polygon European Equity Opportunity Fund ²	1	455.9	n/a	410.9	14.3%
Polygon Global Equities Fund ²	1	28.8	n/a	28.8	1.0%
Tetragon Credit Income II ³	1	219.2	n/a	44.9	1.6%
Tetragon Credit Income III ³	1	362.2	n/a	72.9	2.5%
Tetragon Credit Income IV ³	1	-	n/a	-	-
Hawke's Point Holdings LP ³	2	60.7	n/a	57.9	2.0%
Banyan Square Capital Partners LP ³	1	95.5	n/a	95.5	3.3%
Other Real Estate ⁴	4	42.7	n/a	42.7	1.5%

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 Interest in Other Entities (continued)

Investment in unconsolidated structured entities (continued)

As at 31 December 2020:

	No. of invest-ments	Range of nominal US\$ MM	Average nominal US\$ MM	Carrying value US\$ MM	Percentage of NAV
CLO Equity					
U.S. CLOs ¹	10	245.6 - 743.7	531.9	134.8	5.4%
Investment Funds		Total NAV US\$ MM			
Polygon European Equity Opportunity Fund ²	1	492.3	n/a	440.4	17.8%
Polygon Global Equities Fund ²	1	7.7	n/a	7.7	0.3%
Tetragon Credit Income II ³	1	236.3	n/a	48.4	2.0%
Tetragon Credit Income III ³	1	377.6	n/a	76.0	3.1%
Hawke's Point Holdings LP ³	1	131.2	n/a	131.0	5.3%
Banyan Square Capital Partners LP	1	31.4	n/a	31.4	1.3%
Other Real Estate ⁴	4	35.7	n/a	35.7	1.4%

¹ This includes all U.S. CLOs deemed to be controlled by the Fund. U.S. CLOs are domiciled in the Cayman Islands.

² Polygon hedge funds are domiciled in the Cayman Islands. Given the applicable notice, liquidity up to 25% of the investment in Polygon hedge funds is available on a quarterly basis (subject to certain conditions), and the entire investment could be liquidated over four consecutive quarters.

³ Hawke's Point Holdings LP, Banyan Square Capital Partners LP, Tetragon Credit Income II LP ("TCI II"), Tetragon Credit Income III LP ("TCI III") and Tetragon Credit Income III LP ("TCI IV") are domiciled in the Cayman Islands. These are private-equity style investment funds. Please refer to Note 14 for details of unfunded commitments.

⁴ The Fund has investments in commercial farmland in Paraguay, via individual managed accounts managed by Scimitar, a specialist manager in South American farmland. The Fund's investment can only be redeemed when the underlying real estate assets are sold.

Below is a summary of the Fund's holding in non-subsidiary unconsolidated structured entities:

As at 31 December 2021:

	No. of invest-ments	Range of nominal US\$ MM	Average nominal US\$ MM	Carrying value US\$ MM	Percentage of NAV
CLO Equity					
U.S. CLOs ¹	2	417.2 - 510.9	464.0	13.6	0.5%
Real Estate		Total AUM US\$ MM			
BentallGreenOak – U.S. ²	7	30,979	n/a	48.0	1.7%
BentallGreenOak – Europe ²	13	9,946	n/a	43.9	1.3%
BentallGreenOak – Asia ²	3	4,894	n/a	23.5	0.8%
Other Funds		Total NAV US\$ MM			
Polygon Convertible Opportunity Fund ² ("PCOF")	1	913.8	n/a	131.6	4.6%
Private Equity Funds ³	25	47,212	n/a	149.7	5.2%

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 Interest in Other Entities (continued)

Investment in unconsolidated structured entities (continued)

As at 31 December 2020:

	No. of invest-ments	Range of nominal US\$ MM	Average nominal US\$ MM	Carrying value US\$ MM	Percentage of NAV
CLO Equity					
U.S. CLOs ¹	2	417.2 - 510.9	464.0	14.3	0.6%
		Total AUM			
		US\$ MM			
Real Estate					
BentallGreenOak – U.S. ²	7	25,597	n/a	45.7	1.8%
BentallGreenOak – Europe ²	13	5,807	n/a	44.6	1.8%
BentallGreenOak – Asia ²	3	1,445	n/a	26.2	1.1%
		Total NAV			
		US\$ MM			
Other Funds					
Polygon Convertible Opportunity Fund ⁴	1	725.8	n/a	116.7	4.7%
Private Equity Funds ³	18	5,616.7	n/a	59.1	2.4%

¹ Includes all externally managed CLOs that are outside the Fund's control. U.S. CLOs are domiciled in the Cayman Islands.

² BentallGreenOak funds hold real estate investments in the United States, Japan and various countries in Europe. Total assets under management ("AUM") reflects 100% of BentallGreenOak AUM in structured entities in each region. The number of investments indicates the Fund's investments in each region. The Fund's investment in these funds can only be redeemed in the form of capital distributions when the underlying real estate assets are sold.

³ Private equity funds are domiciled in the Cayman Islands, Luxembourg and the United States.

⁴ PCOF is domiciled in the Cayman Islands. Given the applicable notice, liquidity up to 25% of the investment is available on a quarterly basis (subject to certain conditions), and the entire investment could be liquidated over four consecutive quarters.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 5 Interest in Other Entities (continued)

TFG Asset Management

The Fund owns 100% holdings and voting rights in TFG Asset Management LP. As at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, TFG Asset Management LP's investments were comprised of the following:

Investment	Principal place of business	Ownership interest		Carrying value US\$ MM		Percentage of NAV	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Equitix	Europe	75%	75%	725.6	386.1	25.2%	15.6%
BentallGreenOak	Global ¹	13%	13%	213.5	195.7	7.4%	7.9%
LCM	U.S. and UK	100%	100%	237.8	176.9	8.3%	7.1%
Polygon	U.S. and UK	100% ²	100% ²	54.3	57.4	1.9%	2.3%
Tetragon Credit Partners	U.S. and UK	100%	100%	16.2	13.7	0.6%	0.6%
Hawke's Point	U.S. and UK	100%	100%	2.0	2.9	0.1%	0.1%
Banyan Square Partners	U.S. and UK	100%	100%	0.8	0.8	0.0%	0.0%
Contingency Capital	U.S. and UK	NCI ³	NCI ³	6.1	-	0.2%	-

¹ BentallGreenOak has a presence in North America, Europe, and Asia.

² The CIO of PCOF has a controlling stake in PCOF's manager, Polygon CB LP. PCOF continues to operate on the TFG Asset Management platform. In 2022, Polygon CB LP and PCOF were rebranded as Acasta Partners.

³ TFG Asset Management owns a non-controlling interest ("NCI") as well as providing infrastructure services to this manager. The CIO of Contingency Capital owns a controlling stake.

Tetragon Financial Group Holdings LLC and Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC

Since July 2020, the Fund has held a 100% ownership interest in Tetragon Financial Group Holdings LLC which is a holding company for a 100% ownership interest in Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC. Both companies are domiciled in Delaware. The purpose of Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC is to hold the collateral and liabilities related to the revolving credit facility (see Note 10).

The fair value of the assets held by Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC as at 31 December 2021 is US\$ 910.0 million (2020: US\$ 866.1 million). The outstanding balance on the credit facility as at 31 December 2021 is US\$ 75.0 million (2020: US\$ 100.0 million). In case of non-payment of principal or interest, the provider of the credit facility has a lien over the assets held by Tetragon Financial Group (Delaware) LLC. There is no recourse to the Fund.

LCM Euro LLC

The Fund holds 100% ownership interest in LCM Euro LLC Investment Series, domiciled in Delaware. The subsidiary has invested in debt and equity tranches of certain LCM CLOs. LCM Euro LLC Investment Series has entered into sales and repurchase agreement with regards to some of the CLO debt tranches that it holds. The timing and amount of payment of repo interest and repurchase obligations are matched by the interest and principal payments from the relevant debt tranches. Additional interest of 0.5% per annum is payable on the outstanding balance. As of 31 December 2021, LCM Euro LLC Investment Series had total assets of US\$ 100.1 million (2020: nil) and aggregate repurchase obligations of US\$ 88.1 million (2020: nil). The fair value of LCM Euro LLC Investment Series of US\$ 11.9 million (2020: nil) is included in non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL. There is no recourse to the Fund in case of non-payment of principal or interest.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review

Financial Risk Review:

This note presents information about the Fund's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk. The Fund has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risks

Risk Management Framework:

The Fund's portfolio comprises a broad range of assets, including a diversified alternative asset management business, TFG Asset Management, and covers bank loans, real estate, equities, credit, convertible bonds, private equity and infrastructure. The Fund's investment strategy is to seek to identify asset classes that offer excess returns relative to their investment risk, or 'intrinsic alpha'.

The Investment Manager analyses the risk/reward, correlation, duration and liquidity characteristics of each potential capital use to gauge its attractiveness and incremental impact on the Fund. As part of the Fund's investment strategy, the Investment Manager may employ hedging strategies and leverage in seeking to provide attractive returns while managing risk.

The Investment Manager's risk committee is responsible for the risk management of the Fund and performs active and regular oversight and risk monitoring.

a) Credit risk

'Credit risk' is the risk that a counterparty/issuer to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Fund, resulting in a financial loss to the Fund. It arises principally from the CLO portfolio held, and also from derivative financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, corporate bonds, other receivables and balances due from brokers. Credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis by the Investment Manager in accordance with the policies and procedures in place.

The Fund's activities may give rise to settlement risk. 'Settlement risk' is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash, securities or other assets as contractually agreed.

For the majority of transactions, the Fund mitigates this risk by conducting settlements through a broker to ensure that a trade is settled only when both parties have fulfilled their contractual settlement obligations. The Fund conducts diligence on its brokers and financing counterparties before entering into trading or financing relationships. The Fund also actively monitors and manages settlement risk by diversifying across counterparties and by monitoring developments in the perceived creditworthiness of financing counterparties.

The carrying value and unfunded commitments of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, derivatives, other receivables, amounts due from brokers and cash and cash equivalents, as disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and Note 14, represents the Fund's maximum credit exposure, hence, no separate disclosure is provided. The ECL on financial assets at amortised costs are immaterial.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

i. Analysis of Credit Quality

Cash and cash equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents, including reverse sale and repurchase agreements, are concentrated in three (2020: three) financial institutions with credit ratings between AA- and AAA (S&P) (2020: AA- and A+). The Investment Manager monitors these credit ratings and spreads of credit default swaps on a daily basis and actively moves balances between counterparties when deemed appropriate.

Amounts due from brokers

Balances due from brokers represent margin accounts, cash collateral for borrowed securities and sales transactions awaiting settlement.

Credit risk relating to unsettled transactions is considered small due to the short settlement period involved and the credit quality of the brokers used. As at the reporting date, the balance was concentrated among two brokers (2020: four) with S&P's credit ratings between A- and A+ (2020: between A- and A+). Due to the high credit rating of the brokers, the expected credit losses on these balances are immaterial. The following table details the amounts held by brokers.

	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
	US\$ MM	US\$ MM
BNP Paribas	5.8	21.1
ING	-	12.7
UBS AG	-	10.5
Bank of America Merrill Lynch	0.1	0.1
	5.9	44.4

Corporate bonds

The Fund has investments in debt securities of US\$ 20.1 million (2020: US\$ 17.9 million) with Moody's credit rating of Caa2 (2020: Caa2).

CLOs

The Fund's portfolio is partly invested in CLO equity tranches which are subject to potential non-payment risk. The Fund will be in a first loss position with respect to realised losses on the collateral in each CLO investment.

The Investment Manager assesses the credit risk of the CLOs on a look-through basis to the underlying loans in each CLO investment. The Investment Manager seeks to provide diversification in terms of underlying assets, geography and CLO managers. The maximum loss that the Fund can incur on CLOs is limited to the fair value of these CLOs as disclosed below. The underlying loans are made up of a variety of credit ratings including investment grade and non-investment grade.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

i. Analysis of Credit Quality (continued)

The following tables show the concentration of CLOs by region and by manager.

Region	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
United States (including TCI II & III)	285.6	275.7
	285.6	275.7

Manager	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
LCM	63%	61%
Other managers	37%	39%
	100%	100%

Derivatives

The table below shows an analysis of derivative financial assets and liabilities outstanding at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

	Derivative assets		Derivative liabilities	
	Fair Value US\$ MM	Notional	Fair Value US\$ MM	Notional
31 December 2021	4.2	257.6	(1.5)	221.3
31 December 2020	8.6	254.5	(25.2)	745.0

ii. Concentration of credit risk

The Fund's credit risk is concentrated in CLOs, and cash and cash equivalents. The table below shows a breakdown of credit risk per investment type:

Investment Type	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
CLOs	42%	37%
Cash and cash equivalents	50%	46%
Corporate bonds	5%	4%
Amount due from brokers	2%	11%
Other loans and derivatives	1%	2%
Total	100%	100%

None of the Fund's financial assets were considered to be past due or impaired on 31 December 2021 or 31 December 2020.

iii. Collateral and other credit enhancements, and their financial effects

The Fund mitigates the credit risk of derivatives and reverse sale and repurchase agreements through collateral management including master netting agreements.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

iii. Collateral and other credit enhancements, and their financial effects (continued)

Derivative transactions are either transacted on an exchange or entered into under International Derivative Swaps and Dealers Association (“ISDA”) master netting agreements. Under ISDA master netting agreements in certain circumstances, for example, when a credit event such as a default occurs, all outstanding transactions under the agreement are terminated, the termination value is assessed and only a single net amount is due or payable in settlement of all transactions. The amount of collateral accepted in respect of derivative assets is shown in Note 6(iv).

The Fund’s reverse sale and repurchase transactions are covered by master agreements with netting terms similar to those of ISDA master netting agreements.

The table below shows the amount of reverse sale and repurchase agreements.

	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
Receivables from reverse sale and repurchase agreements	75.0	65.0

No individual trades are under-collateralised. The fair value of collateral as at 31 December 2021 was US\$ 76.8 million (2020: US\$ 66.4).

Collateral accepted includes investment-grade securities that the Fund is permitted to sell or repledge. The Fund has not recognised these securities in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

iv. Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

The Fund has not offset any financial assets and financial liabilities in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and financial liabilities that are subject to an enforceable master netting or similar agreement that covers financial instruments.

31 December 2021							
Description	Gross Amount of Recognised Assets/ Liabilities US\$ MM	Gross Amounts Offset in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position US\$ MM	Net Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position US\$ MM	Financial instruments eligible for netting US\$ MM	Cash collateral held by brokers US\$ MM	Net Amount US\$ MM	
Assets							
ING	4.1	-	4.1	(1.4)	-	2.7	
BNP Paribas	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	
Total	4.2	-	4.2	(1.4)	-	2.8	
Liabilities							
ING	1.4	-	1.4	(1.4)	-	-	
UBS AG	0.1	-	0.1	-	-	0.1	
Total	1.5	-	1.5	(1.4)	-	0.1	

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

a) Credit risk (continued)

iv. Offsetting financial assets and liabilities (continued)

31 December 2020

Description	Gross Amount of Recognised Assets/ Liabilities US\$ MM	Gross Amounts Offset in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position US\$ MM	Net Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position US\$ MM	Financial instruments eligible for netting US\$ MM	Cash collateral held by brokers US\$ MM	Net Amount US\$ MM
Assets						
ING	1.6	-	1.6	(1.6)	-	-
UBS AG	0.5	-	0.5	(0.1)	-	0.4
BNP Paribas	6.5	-	6.5	(6.5)	-	-
Total	8.6	-	8.6	(8.2)	-	0.4
Liabilities						
ING	18.0	-	18.0	(1.6)	(12.7)	3.7
UBS AG	0.1	-	0.1	(0.1)	-	-
BNP Paribas	7.1	-	7.1	(6.5)	(0.5)	0.1
Total	25.2	-	25.2	(8.2)	(13.2)	3.8

b) Liquidity risk

'Liquidity risk' is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets.

The Fund's policy and the Investment Manager's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

The Fund's financial assets include some investments which are considered illiquid. These investments include TFG Asset Management, CLO equity tranches, real estate funds and vehicles and unlisted equities. The Fund also holds investments in hedge funds and private equity funds, which are subject to redemption restrictions such as notice periods and, in certain circumstances, redemption gates. As a result, the Fund may not be able to liquidate these investments readily.

The Fund's liquidity risk is managed on a daily basis by the Investment Manager in accordance with the policies and procedures in place. The Fund has access to a revolving credit facility (Note 10) of US\$ 250.0 million (2020: US\$ 250.0 million) and can also access prime broker financing (Note 8). As of 31 December 2021, US\$ 75.0 million was drawn on the credit facility (2020: US\$ 100.0 million).

The Fund has unfunded commitments (Note 14) to private-equity styled funds which can be called immediately.

The Fund is not exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting shareholder redemptions as the Fund's capital is in the form of non-redeemable shares.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following were the contractual maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted.

	Within 1 month US\$ MM	1 – 3 months US\$ MM	3 months – 1 year US\$ MM	1 – 5 years US\$ MM	Greater than 5 years US\$ MM	Total US\$ MM
31 December 2021						
Finance costs on borrowings	0.3	0.6	2.7	14.4	12.8	30.8
Loans and borrowings	-	-	-	-	75.0	75.0
Expenses payable	6.5	104.1	-	-	-	110.6
	<u>6.8</u>	<u>104.7</u>	<u>2.7</u>	<u>14.4</u>	<u>87.8</u>	<u>216.4</u>
31 December 2020						
Finance costs on borrowings	0.4	0.7	3.3	17.6	20.0	42.0
Loans and borrowings	-	-	-	-	100.0	100.0
Expenses payable	2.9	66.0	-	-	-	68.9
	<u>3.3</u>	<u>66.7</u>	<u>3.3</u>	<u>17.6</u>	<u>120.0</u>	<u>210.9</u>

The tables below analyse the Fund's financial derivative instruments that will be settled on a gross basis into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end date to the contractual maturity date.

	Inflows				Outflows			
	Within 1 month US\$ MM	1 – 3 months US\$ MM	3 months – 1 year US\$ MM	1 – 5 years US\$ MM	Within 1 month US\$ MM	1 – 3 months US\$ MM	3 months – 1 year US\$ MM	1 – 5 years US\$ MM
31 Dec 2021	39.2	288.2	-	-	(38.4)	(288.6)	-	-
31 Dec 2020	46.3	22.7	543.3	-	(47.3)	(22.9)	(558.5)	-

The Fund manages its liquidity risk by holding sufficient cash and cash equivalents and available balance to withdraw on the revolving credit facility to meet its financial liabilities. Cash and cash equivalents balance as at reporting date and as percentage of NAV is disclosed in the table below:

	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
Cash and cash equivalents (US\$ MM)	198.8	191.6
Percentage of NAV	6.9%	7.7%

c) Market Risk

'Market risk' is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices and credit spreads, will affect the Fund's income or the fair value of its holdings of financial instruments.

The Fund's strategy for the management of market risk is driven by the Fund's investment objective of generating distributable income and capital appreciation.

The Fund employs hedging strategies, from time to time as deemed necessary, to manage its exposure to foreign currency, interest rate and other price risks. The Fund does not apply hedge accounting.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

c) Market Risk (continued)

i. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments.

The fair value of certain of the Fund's investments may be significantly affected by changes in interest rates. The Fund's investments in leveraged loans through CLOs generate LIBOR plus returns and are sensitive to interest rate levels and volatility. Although CLOs are structured to hedge interest rate risk to some degree through the use of matched funding, there may be some difference between the timing of LIBOR resets on the liabilities and assets of a CLO, which could have a negative effect on the amount of funds distributed to residual tranche holders. In addition, many obligors have the ability to choose their loan base from among various terms of LIBOR and the Prime Rate thereby generating an additional source of potential mismatch. Furthermore, in the event of a significant rising interest rate environment and/or economic downturn, loan defaults may increase and result in credit losses that may be expected to affect Fund's cash flow, fair value of its assets and operating results adversely.

Change in interest rates may also affect the value of the Fund's investment in PCOF. Generally, the value of convertible bonds and other fixed rate instruments will change inversely with changes in interest rates. The investment managers of Polygon manage interest rate risk by, among other things, entering into interest rate swaps and other derivatives as and when required.

From 31 December 2021, LIBOR has been replaced by an appropriate alternate rate as advised by ISDA in the IBOR Fallbacks Protocol. Five US Dollar LIBOR settings, including the 3-month rate utilised separately by the incentive fee hurdle and the revolving credit facility, will continue to be calculated and published using panel bank submissions until mid-2023. Any effect on the value of investments impacted at the time the change occurs is expected to be minimal without the introduction of inferior terms, as a consequence of the process.

The table below shows the sensitivity analysis for interest rates movement on the investment portfolio held by the Fund.

	Fair Value US\$ MM	Effects of +100bps change in interest rate on net assets US\$ MM	Effects of -100bps change in interest rate on net assets US\$ MM
31 December 2021			
U.S. CLOs	164.4	3.4	7.0
TCI II	44.9	1.2	0.4
TCI III	72.9	2.5	2.3
PCOF	131.6	(6.2)	5.1
	413.8	0.9	14.8
31 December 2020			
U.S. CLOs	151.3	(20.0)	6.1
TCI II	48.4	(4.5)	(3.8)
TCI III	76.0	(5.6)	1.3
PCOF	116.7	(3.5)	3.6
	392.4	(33.6)	7.2

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

c) Market Risk (continued)

ii. Currency Risk

The Fund invests in financial instruments and enters into transactions that are denominated in currencies other than its functional currency, primarily in Euro ("EUR"), Sterling ("GBP") and Norwegian Krone ("NOK").

Consequently, the Fund is exposed to risk that the exchange rate of its currency relative to other foreign currencies may change in a manner that has an adverse effect on the fair value or future cash flows of the Fund's financial assets or financial liabilities denominated in currencies other than USD.

The Fund typically hedges against its currency risk, mainly by employing forward foreign exchange contracts. The currency exposure is monitored and managed on a daily basis.

Exposure:

At the reporting date, the carrying amount of the Fund's net financial assets and financial liabilities held in individual foreign currencies, expressed in USD were as follows.

The sensitivity analysis sets out the effect on the net assets and profit for the year of reasonably possible weakening of USD against EUR, GBP, and NOK by 5%. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

	Net Monetary and Non-Monetary Assets and Liabilities US\$ MM	Forward foreign exchange hedging US\$ MM	Net exposure US\$ MM	Effect of 5% on exchange rate US\$ MM
31 December 2021				
EUR	53.6	(50.3)	3.3	0.2
GBP	807.0	(263.9)	543.1	27.2
NOK	4.4	(5.4)	(1.0)	(0.1)
	865.0	(319.6)	545.4	27.3
31 December 2020				
EUR	53.6	(54.9)	(1.3)	(0.1)
GBP	548.9	(422.5)	126.4	6.3
NOK	18.1	(16.8)	1.3	0.1
	620.6	(494.2)	126.4	6.3

A strengthening of the USD against the above currencies would have resulted in an equal but opposite effect to the amounts shown above.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 6 Financial Risks Review (continued)

c) Market Risk (continued)

iii. Other Price Risk

'Other price risk' is the risk that the fair value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment or its issuer or by factors affecting all instruments traded in the market.

The Investment Manager manages the Fund's price risk and monitors its overall market positions on a regular basis in accordance with Fund's investment objectives and policies.

The following table sets out the concentration of the investment assets and liabilities, including derivatives held by the Fund as at the reporting date.

Asset Class	% of net assets as at 31 Dec 2021	% of net assets as at 31 Dec 2020
Investment funds and vehicles	40.3%	43.3%
TFG Asset Management	43.7%	33.7%
CLO equity & debt tranches	5.8%	6.1%
Unlisted stock	1.7%	7.1%
Listed stock	6.9%	6.9%
Corporate bonds	0.7%	0.7%
Contracts for difference	0.0%	0.0%
Forward foreign exchange contracts and options	0.1%	(0.7)%

The Investment Manager reviews the concentrations against the limits which are set and reviewed periodically. The table below shows the impact of a positive 1% movement in the price of these investments on the NAV and profits of the Fund. A negative 1% movement will have an equal and opposite effect.

Asset Class	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
Investment funds and vehicles	11.6	10.7
TFG Asset Management	12.6	8.3
CLO equity & debt tranches	1.7	1.5
Unlisted stock	0.5	1.8
Listed stock	2.0	1.7
Corporate bonds	0.2	0.2
Contracts for difference	-	-
Forward foreign exchange contracts and options	-	(0.2)

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 7 Other Receivables and Prepayments

	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
	US\$ MM	US\$ MM
Other receivables	0.4	0.3
Prepayments	2.2	2.9
Interest receivables	-	0.1
	2.6	3.3

Other receivables and interest receivables are expected to be settled within 12 months.

Note 8 Prime Broker Financing

	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
	US\$ MM	US\$ MM
Value of collateral posted with brokers	196.3	-

The collateral is in the form of long and short listed equities and derivatives, and cash. The Fund can draw cash on the back of these securities from the broker. As of 31 December 2021, the payable balance to broker was nil (2020: nil). During 2021, charges of US\$ 0.5 million (2020: nil) were paid to the brokers in relation to this financing arrangement and are included in finance costs.

Note 9 Other Payables and Accrued Expenses

	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
	US\$ MM	US\$ MM
Incentive fee payable	104.1	66.0
Other payables and accrued expenses	6.5	2.9
	110.6	68.9

All other payables and accrued expenses are due within one year.

Note 10 Credit Facility

In July 2020, the Fund obtained a 10-year US\$ 250.0 million revolving credit facility.

The facility is subject to a non-usage fee of 0.5% which is applied to the undrawn notional amount and a servicing fee of 0.015% of the total size of the facility. Any drawn portion will incur interest at a rate of 3M U.S. LIBOR plus a spread of 3.25%. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the total finance cost expensed and paid for the facility was US\$ 5.1 million (2020: US\$ 6.2 million). In July 2020, the Fund paid US\$ 2.5 million in fees directly associated with the facility, of which US\$ 2.2 million (2020: US\$ 2.4 million) is included in prepayments balance and is amortised over the life of the facility. This expense, US\$ 0.2 million (2020: US\$ 0.1 million), is included in finance costs.

During 2020, US\$ 150.0 million was paid in connection with terminating the Fund's previous credit facility and US\$ 100.0 million was drawn from the new revolving credit facility. During 2021, a further US\$ 50.0 million was drawn from the credit facility and US\$ 75.0 million were repaid by the Fund. As at 31 December 2021, the drawn balance of the revolving credit facility was US\$ 75.0 million (2020: US\$ 100.0 million).

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 11 Incentive Fee

The Fund pays the Investment Manager an incentive fee for each calculation period (a period of three months ending on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December in each year or as otherwise determined by the Directors) (the “Calculation Period”) equal to 25% of the increase in the NAV of the Fund during the Calculation Period (before deduction of any dividend paid or the amount of any redemptions or repurchases of the shares (or other relevant capital adjustments) during such Calculation Period) above the Reference NAV (as defined below) plus the Hurdle (as defined below) for the Calculation Period. If the Hurdle is not met in any Calculation Period (and no incentive fee is paid), the shortfall will not carry forward to any subsequent Calculation Period.

The Hurdle for any Calculation Period will equal the Reference NAV (as defined below) multiplied by the Hurdle Rate (as defined below). The Hurdle Rate for any Calculation Period equals 3-month USD LIBOR determined as of 11:00 a.m. London time on the first London business day of the then current Calculation Period, plus the Hurdle Spread of 2.647858% in each case multiplied by the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365. The Hurdle Rate for Q1 2022 is 2.863858%.

The “Reference NAV” is the greater of (i) the NAV at the end of the Calculation Period immediately preceding the current Calculation Period and (ii) the NAV as of the end of the Calculation Period immediately preceding the Calculation Period referred to in clause (i).

For the purpose of determining the Reference NAV at the end of a Calculation Period, the NAV shall be adjusted by the amount of accrued dividends and the amounts of any redemptions or repurchase of the shares (or other relevant capital adjustments) and incentive fees to be paid with respect to that Calculation Period.

The incentive fee in respect of each Calculation Period is calculated by reference to the NAV before deduction of any accrued incentive fee. If the Investment Management Agreement is terminated other than at the end of a Calculation Period, the date of termination will be deemed to be the end of the Calculation Period. The incentive fee is normally payable in arrears after the end of the Calculation Period.

The incentive fee for the year ended 31 December 2021 was US\$ 124.6 million (2020: US\$ \$ 72.7 million). As at 31 December 2021, US\$ 104.1 million was outstanding (2020: US\$ 66.0 million).

Note 12 Share Capital

Authorised

The Fund has an authorised share capital of US\$ 1.0 million divided into 10 voting shares, having a par value of US\$ 0.001 each and 999,999,990 non-voting shares (which are the “shares” referred to herein), having a par value of US\$ 0.001 each.

Voting Shares

All of the Fund’s voting shares are issued at par and are beneficially owned by the Voting Shareholder, a non-U.S. affiliate of the Investment Manager. The voting shares will be the only shares entitled to vote for the election of Directors and on all other matters put to a vote of shareholders, subject to the limited rights of the shares described below. The voting shares are not entitled to receive dividends.

Non-Voting Shares

The shares carry a right to any dividends or other distributions declared by the Fund. The shares are not entitled to vote on any matter other than limited voting rights in respect of variation of their own class rights.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 12 Share Capital (continued)

Dividend Rights

Dividends may be paid to the holders of shares at the sole and absolute discretion of the Directors. The voting shares carry no rights to dividends.

Share Transactions

	Voting Shares No.	Non-Voting Shares* No. MM	Treasury Shares No. MM	Shares held in Escrow No. MM
Shares in issue at 1 January 2020	10	92.2	35.4	12.1
Stock dividends	-	1.5	(2.0)	0.5
Issued through release of tranche of escrow shares	-	1.7	-	(1.7)
Shares purchased during the year	-	(6.6)	6.6	-
Shares in issue at 31 December 2020	10	88.8	40.0	10.9
Stock dividends	-	1.2	(1.6)	0.4
Issued through release of tranche of escrow shares	-	0.4	-	(0.4)
Shares purchased during the year	-	(0.2)	0.2	-
Shares in issue at 31 December 2021	10	90.2	38.6	10.9

*Non-voting shares do not include the treasury shares, or the shares held in escrow.

Optional Stock Dividend

The Fund has an Optional Stock Dividend Plan which offers investors an opportunity to elect to receive any declared dividend in the form of dividend shares at a reference price determined by calculating the five-day weighted average price post ex-dividend date.

During the year, a total dividend of US\$ 35.8 million (2020: US\$ 44.8 million) was declared, of which US\$ 24.2 million was paid out as a cash dividend (2020: US\$ 30.7 million), and the remaining US\$ 11.6 million (2020: US\$ 14.1 million) was reinvested under the Optional Stock Dividend Plan.

Treasury Shares and Share Repurchases

Treasury shares consist of shares that have been bought-back by the Fund from its investors through various tender offers and plans. Whilst they are held by the Fund, the shares are neither eligible to receive dividends nor are they included in the shares outstanding in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

In June 2020, under the terms of "modified Dutch auctions", the Fund accepted for purchase approximately 5.5 million non-voting shares at an aggregate cost of US\$ 50.2 million, including applicable fees and expenses of US\$ 0.2 million.

The Fund made the following purchases of its own shares from related parties using the then-current share price:

Date	Purchased from	No. of shares	Cost (US\$ MM)	Then-current share price
January 2020	TFG Asset Management LP	691,291	8.5	US\$ 12.25
January 2020	Tetragon Financial Management LP	287,153	3.5	US\$ 12.25
October 2020	TFG Asset Management LP	142,240	1.2	US\$ 8.74
January 2021	TFG Asset Management LP	17,651	0.2	US\$ 9.50
August 2021	TFG Asset Management LP	156,023	1.5	US\$ 9.70
October 2021	TFG Asset Management LP	44,903	0.4	US\$ 9.14

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 12 Share Capital (continued)

Escrow Shares

Equity-based awards

In 2015, the Fund bought back approximately 5.6 million of its non-voting shares in a tender offer for US\$ 57.4 million (including fees and expenses) to hedge against (or otherwise offset the future impact of) grants of shares under an equity-based long-term incentive plan and other equity awards by TFG Asset Management for certain of its senior employees (excluding the principals of the Investment Manager).

Awards under the long-term incentive plan, along with other equity-based awards, are typically spread over multiple vesting dates up to 2024 which may vary for each employee and are subject to forfeiture provisions. The arrangements may also include additional periods, beyond the vesting dates, during which employees gain exposure to the performance of the Fund's shares, but the shares are not issued to the employees. Such periods may range from one to five years beyond the vesting dates. The shares underlying these equity-based incentive programs typically will be held in escrow until they vest and will be eligible to receive shares under the Optional Stock Dividend Plan.

Under IFRS 2, TFG Asset Management is considered to be the settling entity. As the Fund has contributed these shares, the Fund recorded the imputed value of the shares contributed to escrow as credit to share-based compensation reserve in the year in which the shares were acquired for this purpose, with a corresponding debit to the cost of investment in TFG Asset Management.

In February 2021, further awards to certain senior TFG Asset Management employees (excluding the principals of the investment manager) were made covering vesting and release periods out to 2032. 2.3 million shares acquired during the buybacks made in 2020 will be used to hedge against (or otherwise offset the future impact of) these awards.

In July 2019, TFG Asset Management entered into an employment agreement with Reade Griffith, Director of the Fund, that covers his services to TFG Asset Management for the period through to 30 June 2024. Mr. Griffith is currently the Chief Investment Officer of TFG Asset Management as well as the Chief Investment Officer of its Polygon event-driven European equity strategies (in addition to other roles). Under the terms of this agreement, Mr. Griffith received US\$ 9.5 million in July 2019 and US\$ 3.75 million in July 2020 in cash, 0.3 million Tetragon non-voting shares in July 2021 and will receive the following:

- 2.1 million Tetragon non-voting shares in July 2024; and
- between zero and an additional 3.15 million Tetragon non-voting shares – with the number of shares based on agreed-upon investment performance criteria – vesting in years 5, 6 and 7.

All of the Tetragon non-voting shares, covered by Mr. Griffith's employment agreement are subject to forfeiture conditions. The shares are held in escrow for release upon vesting and are eligible to participate in the optional stock dividend program, and as a result of subsequent dividends, further shares will be added to the escrow.

As the Fund has the obligation to settle the shares, this award is treated as equity-settled. The fair value of the share award is determined using the share price at grant date of US\$ 12.50 (ticker symbol: TFG.NA). The total expense is determined by multiplying the share price at grant date and the estimated number of shares that will vest. The expense is recognised in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight-line basis over the vesting period. A corresponding entry is made to the share-based compensation reserve. The following table shows the expense for each tranche up to the year ending 31 December 2024.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 12 Share Capital (continued)

Escrow Shares (continued)

Equity-based awards (continued)

Shares estimated to vest (MM)	Vesting date	2019 US\$ MM	2020 US\$ MM	2021 US\$ MM	2022 US\$ MM	2023 US\$ MM	2024 US\$ MM
0.3	30 Jun 2021	0.9	1.9	0.9	-	-	-
2.1	30 Jun 2024	2.6	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	2.6
1.575*	30 Jun 2024*	2.0	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.9	2.0
		5.5	11.1	10.1	9.2	9.2	4.6

*As at 31 December 2021, it is estimated that 1.575 million (2020: 1.575 million) of the maximum 3.15 million shares will vest according to the agreed-upon investment performance criteria at the end of year 5 with no shares vesting in years 6 and 7. This estimate will be revised at each reporting date and as a result, future expense may be different from the expense presented in the table above.

As at 31 December 2021, 10.9 million (2020: 10.9 million) shares related to TFG Asset Management's employee reward schemes are held in escrow. During the year, 0.4 million shares (2020: 1.7 million) were released from escrow including stock dividends awarded on the original shares. US\$ 4.9 million (2020: US\$ 13.9 million) was transferred from share-based compensation reserve to other equity in relation to the original shares. An amount of US\$ 0.6 million (2020: US\$ 4.2 million) was released against retained earnings, based on the stock reference price at each applicable dividend date. These shares are eligible for stock dividends and during the year, 0.4 million (2020: 0.5 million) shares were allocated to this account.

On 1 January 2020, the Independent Directors were awarded shares in Tetragon which vest on 31 December 2022 and are subject to forfeiture provisions. The fair value of the aggregate awards, as determined by the share price on grant date of US\$ 12.25 per share, is US\$ 0.9 million. The expense is recognised on a straight-line basis in Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income over the vesting period starting from 1 January 2020. A corresponding entry is made to the share-based compensation reserve.

Share-Based Compensation Reserve

The balance, US\$ 60.1 million (2020: US\$ 54.6 million) in share-based compensation reserve is related to Equity-based awards as described above.

Capital Management

The Fund's capital is represented by the ordinary share capital, other equity, and accumulated retained earnings, as disclosed in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position. The Fund's capital is managed in accordance with its investment objective. The Fund is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and has no legal restrictions on the issue, repurchase or resale of its shares.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 13 Dividends

	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
Quarter ended 31 December 2019 of US\$ 0.1875 per share	-	17.4
Quarter ended 31 March 2020 of US\$ 0.1000 per share	-	9.3
Quarter ended 30 June 2020 of US\$ 0.1000 per share	-	9.0
Quarter ended 30 September 2020 of US\$ 0.1000 per share	-	9.1
Quarter ended 31 December 2020 of US\$ 0.1000 per share	8.9	-
Quarter ended 31 March 2021 of US\$ 0.1000 per share	8.9	-
Quarter ended 30 June 2021 of US\$ 0.1000 per share	9.0	-
Quarter ended 30 September 2021 of US\$ 0.1000 per share	9.0	-
	35.8	44.8

The fourth quarter dividend of US\$ 0.1100 per share was approved by the Directors on 4 March 2022 and has not been included as a liability in these Financial Statements.

Note 14 Contingencies and Commitments

The Fund has the following unfunded commitments:

	31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
BentallGreenOak investment vehicles	42.8	62.9
Private equity funds	18.4	29.7
Contingency Capital loan	8.3	12.5
Contingency Capital fund	10.3	-
Tetragon Credit Income IV	10.6	-
	90.4	105.1

Note 15 Related-Party Transactions

Investment Manager

The Investment Manager is entitled to receive management fees equal to 1.5% per annum of the NAV of the Fund payable monthly in advance prior to the deduction of any accrued incentive fee. An incentive fee may be paid to the Investment Manager as disclosed in Note 11. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Fund purchased its own shares from the Investment Manager. See Note 12 for details.

Voting Shareholder

The Voting Shareholder is an affiliate of the Investment Manager and holds all of the voting shares. As a result of its ownership and the degree of control that it exercises, the Voting Shareholder will be able to control the appointment and removal of the Fund's Directors (subject to applicable law). Affiliates of the Voting Shareholder also control the Investment Manager and, accordingly, control the Fund's business and affairs.

Directors

The remuneration for Directors shall be determined by resolution of the Voting Shareholder. Each of the Directors' annual fee is US\$ 125,000 (2020: US\$ 125,000) as compensation for service as Directors of the Fund. As at 31 December 2021, US\$ 15,625 (2020: US\$ 93,750) was outstanding in relation to Directors' remuneration.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 Related-Party Transactions (continued)

Directors (continued)

The Directors have the option to elect to receive shares in the Fund instead of the quarterly fee. With respect to the year ended 31 December 2021, David O'Leary elected to receive shares in lieu of half of his compensation and received 6,502 shares (2020: 6,626).

On 1 January 2020, the Independent Directors were awarded shares in Tetragon which vest on 31 December 2022 and are subject to forfeiture provisions. The fair value of the award, as determined by the share price on grant date of US\$ 12.25 per share, is US\$ 300,000 per Independent Director.

Reade Griffith and Paddy Dear have waived their entitlement to a fee in respect of their services as Directors. The Directors are entitled to be repaid by the Fund all travel, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by them in the discharge of their duties. None of the Directors have a contract with the Fund providing for benefits upon termination of employment.

Reade Griffith, Paddy Dear and David O'Leary – all Directors of the Fund during the year - maintained (directly or indirectly) interests in shares of the Fund as at 31 December 2021, with interests of 15,297,765, 5,202,514 and 16,880 shares respectively (2020: 14,505,324, 4,976,960 and 10,378 shares, respectively).

Mr. Griffith has an employment agreement with TFG Asset Management as described in Note 12.

Subsidiaries

The Fund has entered into share-based employee reward schemes with its subsidiary, TFG Asset Management LP. See Note 12 for details.

Polygon Global Partners LLP and Polygon Global Partners LP (together the "Service Providers") provide operational, financial control, trading, marketing and investor relations, legal, compliance, administrative, payroll and employee benefits and other services to the Investment Manager in exchange for fees payable by the Investment Manager to the Service Providers. One of these entities, the U.K. Investment Manager, which is authorised and regulated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority, also provides services to the Investment Manager relating to the dealing in and management of investments, arranging of deals and advising on investments.

TFG Asset Management, through the Service Providers, has implemented a cost-allocation methodology with the objective of allocating service-related costs, including to the Investment Manager. TFG Asset Management then charges fees for the services allocated on a cost-recovery basis that is designed to achieve full recovery of the allocated costs. In the year, the amount recharged to the Investment Manager was US\$ 23.9 million (2020: US\$ 18.1 million). As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding balance due from the Investment Manager was US\$ 4.0 million (2020: US\$ 2.5 million). During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Fund purchased its own shares from TFG Asset Management LP. See Note 12 for details.

Reade Griffith and Paddy Dear continue to hold membership interests in Polygon Global Partners LLP (the "U.K. Investment Manager") which collectively entitle them to exercise all of the voting rights in respect of the U.K. Investment Manager.

As part of the acquisition of TFG Asset Management in 2012, Mr. Griffith and Mr. Dear have agreed that they will (i) exercise their voting rights in a manner that is consistent with the best interests of the Fund and (ii) upon the request of the Fund, for nominal consideration, sell, transfer, and deliver their membership interests in the U.K. Investment Manager to the Fund.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 15 Related-Party Transactions (continued)

Subsidiaries (continued)

Reade Griffith and Paddy Dear also hold membership interests in Pace Cayman Holdco Limited (“Pace Holdco”), an entity through which the Fund ultimately owns its equity stake in Equitix. These membership interests collectively entitle them to exercise all of the voting rights in respect of Pace Holdco. Mr. Griffith and Mr. Dear have agreed that they will (i) exercise their voting rights in a manner that is consistent with the best interests of the Fund and (ii) upon the request of the Fund, for nominal consideration, sell, transfer, and deliver their membership interests in the Pace Holdco to the Fund.

Investments in internally managed funds

The Fund holds various investments in funds managed within TFG Asset Management business. Please see Note 5 for details of these investments and Note 14 for the unfunded commitments related to these funds.

Note 16 Earnings per share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:	Year ended 31 Dec 2021 US\$ MM	Year ended 31 Dec 2020 US\$ MM
Earnings for the purposes of basic earnings per share being net profit attributable to shareholders for the year	418.2	171.1
Weighted average number of shares for the purposes of basic earnings per share	89.4	91.7
Effect of dilutive potential shares:		
Share-based employee compensation – equity-based awards	11.0	10.9
Weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share	100.4	102.6

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of shares outstanding assuming conversion of all dilutive potential shares. Share-based employee compensation shares are dilutive potential shares.

In respect of share-based employee compensation – equity-based awards, it is assumed that all of the time-based shares currently held in escrow will be released, thereby increasing the weighted average number of shares. The number of dilutive performance-based shares is based on the number of shares that would be issuable if the end of the period were the end of the performance period.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 17 Segment information

IFRS 8 *Operating Segments* requires a 'management approach', under which segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes.

For management purposes, the Fund is organised into one main operating segment – its investment portfolio - which invests, either directly or via fund vehicles, in a range of alternative asset classes including equity securities, debt instruments, real estate, infrastructure, loans and related derivatives. The Fund's investment activities are all determined by the Investment Manager in accordance with the Fund's investment objective.

All of the Fund's activities are interrelated, and each activity is dependent on the others.

Accordingly, all significant operating decisions are based upon analysis of the Fund as one segment. The financial results from this segment are equivalent to the Financial Statements of the Fund as a whole.

The shares in issue are in US Dollars. The Fund's investment geographical exposure is as follows:

Region	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2020
North America	38%	42%
Europe	56%	48%
Asia Pacific	5%	8%
Latin America	1%	2%

Note 18 Subsequent Events

In April 2022, under the terms of "modified Dutch auctions", the Fund accepted for purchase approximately 4.3 million non-voting shares at an aggregate cost of US\$ 41.8 million. This tender offer is not recorded in these financial statements.

The Directors have evaluated the period up to 20 April 2022, which is the date that the Financial Statements were approved. The Directors have concluded that there are no material events that require disclosure or adjustment to the financial statement other than the one mentioned above.

Note 19 Approval of Financial Statements

The Directors approved and authorised for issue the Financial Statements on 20 April 2022.

Note 20 IFRS to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation

As outlined in Note 2, the Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS, which differs in certain respects from the basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP").

As required by the Dodd Frank Act for a registered investment advisor, this note sets out the reconciling material differences between IFRS and US GAAP for the Tetragon Financial Group Limited Financial Statements. Comprehensive disclosure under US GAAP is not required for this purpose, only certain disclosures have been included which are considered material differences.

On 31 December 2021 and 2020, the net assets presented in the IFRS Statement of Financial Position is the same as would have been presented under US GAAP. The profit and total comprehensive income in the IFRS Statement of Comprehensive Income is the same as would have been presented under US GAAP.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 20 IFRS to U.S. GAAP Reconciliation (continued)

Investments in private investment companies under US GAAP which do not have a readily determinable fair value are valued at their Net Asset Value as a practical expedient. Private investment companies valued at Net Asset Value under US GAAP are not leveled in the fair value hierarchy, and accordingly the Level 3 disclosure requirements do not apply under US GAAP to these investments. Under IFRS, no such practical expedient exists and therefore private investment companies valued at their Net Asset Value are considered Level 3 investments and have additional disclosure requirements.

Additional disclosures required for an Investment Company under US GAAP which are not required under IFRS include Condensed Schedule of Investments and Financial Highlights.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
As at 31 December 2021

Security Description	Nominal US\$ MM	Cost US\$ MM	Fair Value US\$ MM	% of Net Assets
<i>United States CLO Equity</i>				
<i>Cayman Islands</i>				
Broadly Syndicated Senior Secured Loans	352.1	290.3	167.9	5.84%
<i>Listed Stock</i>				
United Kingdom – Biotechnology		152.4	140.4	4.88%
United Kingdom – Technology		44.8	37.6	1.31%
Norway – Financial services		19.3	15.2	0.53%
United States - Technology		4.4	4.8	0.17%
		220.9	198.0	6.88%
<i>Unlisted Stock</i>				
United Kingdom - Biotechnology		15.7	27.5	0.96%
United States - Technology		19.3	22.8	0.79%
		35.0	50.3	1.75%
<i>Corporate Bonds</i>				
Portugal – Financial services		8.2	20.1	0.70%
<i>Investment Funds and Vehicles</i>				
Polygon European Equity Opportunity Fund*		268.7	410.9	14.28%
Global – Private Equity Funds		124.8	159.4	5.55%
Global – Hedge Funds – Credit and Convertible Bonds		75.0	131.6	4.58%
Cayman Islands – CLO Equity Funds		155.9	117.8	4.09%
Australia – Mining Finance Funds		40.0	57.9	2.01%
United States – Private Equity Funds		35.3	49.4	1.72%
United States – Real Estate		81.4	48.8	1.70%
Europe – Real Estate		43.3	43.9	1.52%
Global – Hedge Funds – Equities		48.6	43.6	1.52%
Latin America – Real Estate		34.4	42.7	1.48%
United States – Private Equity Fund – Legal Assets		29.7	30.3	1.05%
Japan – Real Estate		21.8	23.5	0.82%
		958.9	1,159.8	40.32%
<i>TFG Asset Management</i>				
United Kingdom Infrastructure Asset Management Business**		8.0	725.6	25.22%
United States CLO Manager**		45.5	237.8	8.26%
Global Financial Real Estate Manager**		18.1	213.5	7.42%
Global Hedge Fund Manager		50.3	54.3	1.89%
Other		5.3	25.1	0.87%
		127.2	1,256.3	43.67%
Total Investments		1,640.5	2,852.4	99.15%

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (continued)

As at 31 December 2021

	Fair Value US\$ MM	% of Net Assets
Financial Derivative Instruments		
Options	2.2	0.08%
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	0.4	0.01%
Contracts for Difference	-	-
Total Financial Derivative Instruments	<u>2.6</u>	<u>0.09%</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	198.8	6.91%
Other Assets and Liabilities	(177.0)	(6.15)%
Net Assets	<u>2,876.8</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

* As of 31 December 2021, the Fund held 1,268,660 units in Class A and 971,153 units in Class L-A. The stated objective of the Polygon European Equity Opportunity Fund is to seek superior risk adjusted returns. Its stated intention is to invest predominantly in European listed equity securities, but may also invest in other asset classes and in other non-European jurisdictions. Given the applicable notice, liquidity of up to 25% of the investment is available on a quarterly basis (subject to certain conditions), and the entire investment could be liquidated over four consecutive quarters.

** Please refer to Note 5 for details of investments held through TFG Asset Management.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED
CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
As at 31 December 2020

Security Description	Nominal US\$ MM	Cost US\$ MM	Fair Value US\$ MM	% of Net Assets
<i>United States CLO Equity</i>				
<i>Cayman Islands</i>				
Broadly Syndicated Senior Secured Loans	351.1	285.7	151.3	6.12%
<i>Listed Stock</i>				
United Kingdom – Biotechnology		103.9	105.4	4.26%
United Kingdom – Technology		20.9	37.3	1.51%
Norway – Financial services		14.8	18.1	0.73%
United States - Technology		5.6	9.8	0.40%
		145.2	170.6	6.90%
<i>Unlisted Stock</i>				
Ripple Labs Inc. - United States - Technology		150.0	174.6	7.06%
<i>Corporate Bonds</i>				
Portugal – Financial services		9.2	17.9	0.72%
<i>Investment Funds and Vehicles</i>				
Polygon European Equity Opportunity Fund*		307.0	440.4	17.80%
Hawke’s Point Holding LP**		70.0	131.0	5.30%
Cayman Islands – CLO Equity Funds		160.9	129.8	5.24%
Global – Hedge Funds – Credit and Convertible Bonds		75.0	116.7	4.72%
United States – Private Equity Funds		64.8	66.1	2.67%
United States – Real Estate		69.3	46.5	1.88%
Europe – Real Estate		35.5	44.6	1.80%
Latin America – Real Estate		33.9	35.7	1.44%
Japan – Real Estate		22.4	26.2	1.06%
United Kingdom – Private Equity Funds		20.4	25.0	1.01%
Global – Hedge Funds – Equities		10.1	10.7	0.43%
		869.3	1072.7	43.35%
<i>TFG Asset Management</i>				
United Kingdom Infrastructure Asset Management Business***		5.7	386.1	15.60%
Global Financial Real Estate Manager***		16.9	195.7	7.91%
United States CLO Manager***		44.4	176.9	7.15%
Global Hedge Fund Manager		50.0	57.3	2.31%
Other		0.3	17.5	0.71%
		117.3	833.5	33.68%
Total Investments		1,576.7	2,420.6	97.81%

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

CONDENSED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (continued)

As at 31 December 2020

	Fair Value US\$ MM	% of Net Assets
Financial Derivative Instruments		
Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts	(16.4)	(0.66)%
Contracts for Difference	(0.2)	(0.01)%
Total Financial Derivative Instruments	<u>(16.6)</u>	<u>(0.67)%</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	191.6	7.74%
Other Assets and Liabilities	(121.2)	(4.90)%
Net Assets	<u>2,474.4</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

* As of 31 December 2020, the Fund held 1,393,239 units in Class A and 1,143,299 units in Class L-A. The stated objective of the Polygon European Equity Opportunity Fund is to seek superior risk adjusted returns. Its stated intention is to invest predominantly in European listed equity securities, but may also invest in other asset classes and in other non-European jurisdictions. Given the applicable notice, liquidity of up to 25% of the investment is available on a quarterly basis (subject to certain conditions), and the entire investment could be liquidated over four consecutive quarters.

** The capital at Hawke's Point Holding LP is invested in two early-stage gold miners in Australia. It is a private-equity styled fund.

*** Please refer to Note 5 for details of investments held through TFG Asset Management.

TETRAGON FINANCIAL GROUP LIMITED

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The following represents selected per Share operating performance of the Fund, ratios to average net assets and total return information for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ended 31 December 2020.

As of	31-Dec-21 US\$	31-Dec-20 US\$
Per Share operating performance		
Net Asset Value at start of year	27.87	25.88
Net investment income (before incentive fee)	6.07	2.66
Incentive fee	(1.39)	(0.79)
Share based employee compensation	0.12	0.12
Cash dividends paid to shareholders	(0.27)	(0.33)
Other capital transactions	(0.52)	0.33
Net Asset Value at the end of the year	31.88	27.87
Ratios and supplemental data		
Total return (NAV change before dividend payments and other capital transactions) before incentive fee	22.36%	10.74%
Incentive fee	(5.03)%	(3.05)%
Total return (NAV change before dividend payments and other capital transactions) after incentive fee	17.33%	7.69%
Ratio to average net assets:		
Incentive fee	(4.93)%	(3.16)%
Net investment income (after incentive fee)	16.54%	7.43%
Operating expenses (including incentive fee)	(7.34)%	(5.61)%

An individual shareholder's per Share operating performance and ratios may vary from the above based on the timing of capital transactions.